

Explore the proof of Cantor's Theorem. Here $S = \{\Delta, \square, \circ, \star\}$. Invent your own $\theta : S \rightarrow \mathcal{P}(S)$ and use the algorithm from the proof of Cantor's Theorem to construct A which is NOT in the range of Θ .

		indicator function of $\Theta(\cdot)$				indicator function of A						
	the value of $\Theta(\cdot)$	Δ	\square	\circ	\star	to find A	Δ	\square	\circ	\star	fold	A
Δ	{ }					1- 						
\square	{ }					1- 						
\circ	{ }					1- 						
\star	{ }					1- 						

Thus, $A = \{ \quad \}$. Verify $A \notin \text{ran } \Theta$:

$$\{ \quad \} \neq \{ \quad \}$$

$$\{ \quad \} \neq \{ \quad \}$$

$$\{ \quad \} \neq \{ \quad \}$$

$$\{ \quad \} \neq \{ \quad \}$$